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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/563,126	01/03/2006	Yasufumi Takahashi	MAM-070	1185
20374 KUBOVCIK &	7590 11/16/201 KUROVCIK	1	EXAM	IINER
SUITE 1105			HODGE, F	OBERT W
1215 SOUTH O ARLINGTON.	CLARK STREET VA 22202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Thum (or on,			1729	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/16/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/563,126	TAKAHASHI ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
ROBERT HODGE	1729

	ROBERT HODGE	1729	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	orrespondence ad	idress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (5) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. I NO period for reply is pecified above, the maximum situation yerior of the provision of 37 CFR 1.13 Any reply received by the Cliffice later than three months after the mailing earned plant term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 S	eptember 2011.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.		
3) An election was made by the applicant in response	onse to a restriction requirement	set forth during th	e interview on
; the restriction requirement and election	have been incorporated into this	action.	
4) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the	e merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
5) Claim(s) 1-3.6.8.9.11 and 12 is/are pending in	the application		
5a) Of the above claim(s) 8 and 9 is/are withdra			
6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	twi nom consideration.		
7) Claim(s) 1-3.6.11 and 12 is/are rejected.			
8) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	election requirement.		
Application Papers			
10) The specification is objected to by the Examine			
11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		•	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.		
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received in Applicat	ion No	
 Copies of the certified copies of the prior 	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National	Stage
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate	

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Astice of Intermal Pater Lapplication 6) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 9/30/11, with respect to the rejection of claims 1-3 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 2002-358963 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 1-3 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 2002-358963 has been withdrawn.

The remainder of applicant's arguments filed 9/30/11 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Examiner acknowledges applicants submission of evidence with a declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 in an attempt to overcome the grounds of rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). As will be shown below there are some inconsistencies in the data provided in the declaration filed 9/30/11 and the data in the instant specification. Below is a side-by-side comparison of Table B found on page 4 of the declaration filed 9/30/11 and Table 2 found on page 21 of the instant specification:

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[0058] [TABLE 2]

	,	C. CONTENT OF	1	Capacity Metent on	3
	17	Electrolyte	after	after	after
	Content		2	30	8
	ige 22	S.E.S.	Cycles	Cycles	Cycles
Battery					
81(A1) of	•				20
Present	e e		X X	27	£. 3
invention					
Battery 82					
of Present	9	8	S. 28	87. 89.	7.28
nvent ion					
Battery					
B3 (A2) of	¢	\$	20 00	44 OF	
Present	ದೆ	3	X. 53	\$5 27	,
mention					
Battery 84					
of Present	<u></u>	83	% %	7. W	*
Invention					********
Comparative					
Battery	-	8	33	,	,
XIXII					*******
Comparative	8	e,	500		
Battery 72	23	200	. 23	i .	

[30k3

		700	Capacity	Capacity Retention
	2 Content	Best cive	(relativ	(relative value)
	(mode %)	<u>8</u>	췙돧 췙	425
Comparative			4 58	
Battery 21	60	0	S. S.	
Present Present	93	ę.	\$	8
III-CENTER I	***************************************		***************************************	
Part of	8	883 9111	103.1	107.3
Presy 82 of Present in entity	92	20	38.5	98.5
Consulta Bear 22 (88)	*5	S	97.8	54.8

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As can be seen above the data for B1 (EC content of electrolyte at 10%) is inconsistent. Table B shows 100% for both after 100 and 300 cycles, whereas Table 2 shows 94.6% after 100 cycles and 91% after 300 cycles. The data for B2 (EC content of electrolyte at 20%) is also inconsistent. Table B shows 98.5% after 100 cycles and 96.5% after 300 cycles, whereas Table 2 shows 93.2% after 100 cycles and 87.8% after 300 cycles. Furthermore it is unclear how the data for C2 can be greater than 100%. Applicants are invited to call the Examiner to schedule an interview to discuss the above inconsistencies.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-3, 6, 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by U.S. Pre-Grant Publication No. 2004/0121234 hereinafter Le in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,030,528 hereinafter Shen.

With regards to claim 1, Le teaches a nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery which has a positive electrode containing lithium cobalt oxide as a positive active material, a negative electrode containing a graphite material and a nonaqueous electrolyte solution containing ethylene carbonate as a solvent and which is charged with an end-of-charge voltage of at least 4.3 V, said battery being characterized in that a zirconium-containing compound adheres onto particle surfaces of said lithium cobalt oxide (abstract and paragraphs [0008]-[0009] and [0026]-[0047]).

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Le does not teach the amount of ethylene carbonate present in the electrolyte solution.

Shen teaches a lithium secondary battery wherein the nonaqueous solvent mixture comprises 10-20% by volume of ethylene carbonate (abstract and column 2, line 62 - column 3, line 4).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to regulate the amount of ethylene carbonate present in the electrolyte solution such that it is between 10-20% by volume in Le as taught by Shen in order to provide a lithium secondary battery having an improved electrolyte that will have lower internal impedance, longer cycle life, higher energy density, low self-discharge and a longer shelf life (abstract of Shen). If a technique has been used to improve one device (regulating the amount of ethylene carbonate present in the electrolyte solution such that it is between 10-20% by volume), and a person of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that it would improve similar devices in the same way (providing a lithium secondary battery having an improved electrolyte that will have lower internal impedance, longer cycle life, higher energy density, low self-discharge and a longer shelf life (abstract of Shen)), using the technique is obvious unless its actual application is beyond his or her skill. See MPEP 2141 (III) Rationale C, KSR v. Teleflex (Supreme Court 2007).

With regards to claims 2-3 and 6, Le further teaches that the zirconium compound is in an amount of less than 1 mole % but not less than 0.1 mole %, based

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on the total mole of cobalt and zirconium that has a particle diameter from 100 nm to 3 μ m (see citations above).

With regards to claims 11 and 12, Le teaches in paragraph [0042] that the metal oxide particles are adsorbed on the surface of the cathode active material (i.e. does not exist as a film or shell covering the core of the active material) and that the surface is preferably partially covered with the metal oxide particles without affecting the transport of lithium to and from the active particles. Le teaches the claimed invention except for expressly stating "at least 80% of the particle surface being left uncovered". It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to optimize the amount of metal oxide particles adhered to the cathode active material particles in order to prevent a film or shell from forming which would prevent the transport of lithium to and from the active particles and since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. See MPEP 2144.05.

The examiner notes that claims 2-3, 6, and 12 are product-by-process claims.
"Product-by-process claims are not limited to the manipulations of the recited steps, only the structure implied by the steps". See MPEP § 2113. Therefore because all of the structure recited in claims 2-3, 6, and 12 is present in the Le reference, claims 2-3, 6, and 12 are included in the above 103(a) rejection.

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Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ROBERT HODGE whose telephone number is (571)272-2097. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ula Ruddock can be reached on (571) 272-1481. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Robert Hodge/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1729